

NOAA West Watch

Reporting Regional Environmental Conditions & Impacts in the West

May 22, 2018

Call Agenda



- Project Recap & Updates (Polly Hicks)
- El Niño and Regional Climate brief (Dan McEvoy)
- IOOS Nearshore Conditions brief (Jan Newton, Alex Harper, Megan Hepner)
- Environmental conditions and impacts reporting and discussion (Polly Hicks)
- Discussion

- NOAA West Watch bi-monthly webinars are a project of the NOAA West Regional Coordination Team
- Goals of the project:
 - Document and share environmental conditions information and impacts on human systems and NOAA mission at the regional scale
 - Improve awareness of environmental observations and human system impacts across NOAA mission lines
 - Improve regional communication and coordination
 - Improve external communication of regional impacts
- Next webinar: July 24th, 1-2PM PDT/ 2-3PM MDT



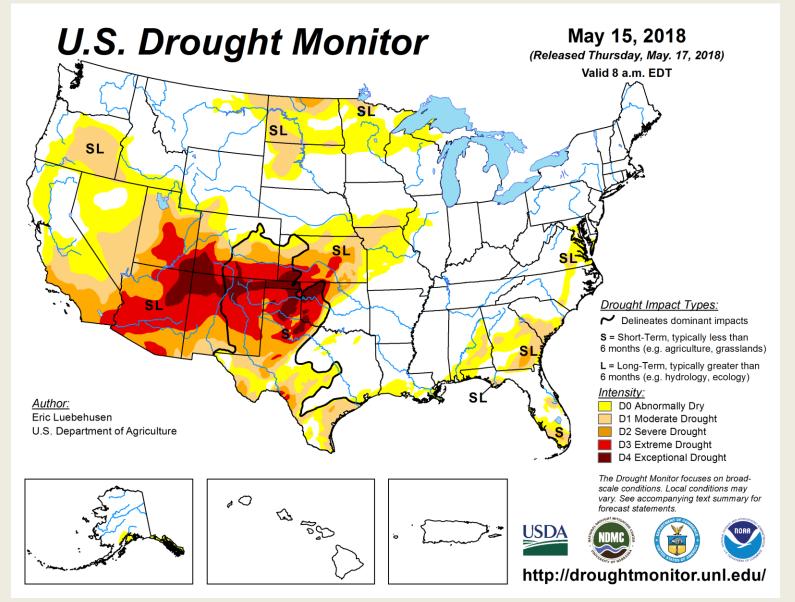
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Current Drought Conditions

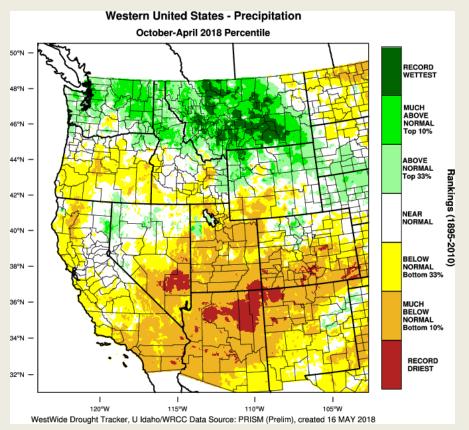




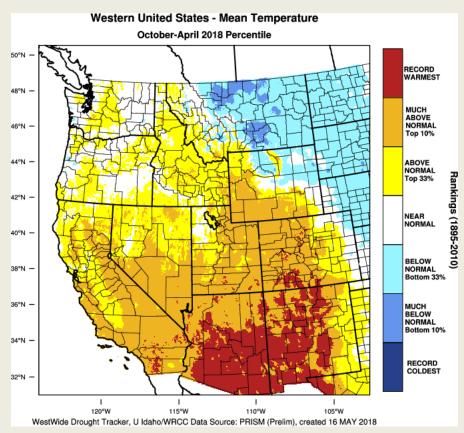
Precipitation and Temperature



October 2017 – April 2018 Precipitation Percentiles



October 2017 – April 2018 Temperature Percentiles



https://wrcc.dri.edu/wwdt/

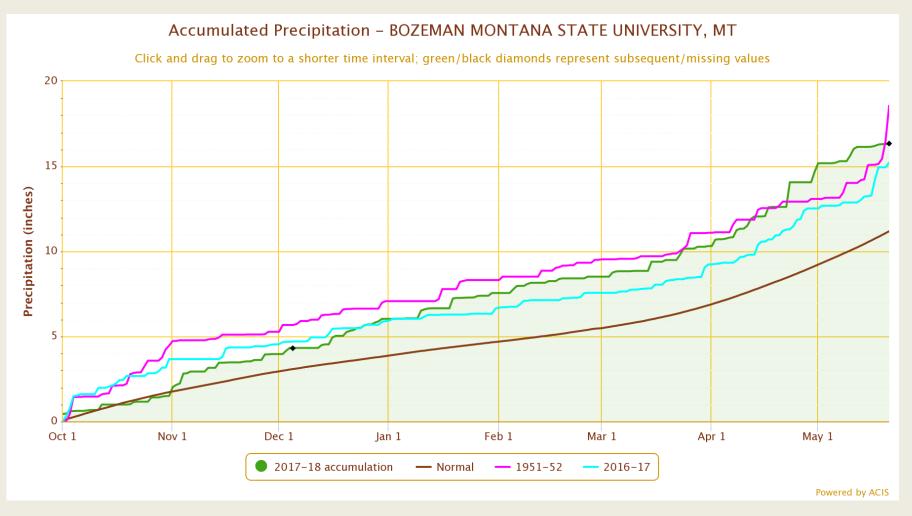


May 1-19 May 1-19 % of Average Precipitation **Temperature Anomalies** Ave. Temperature dep from Ave (deg F) 5/1/2018 — 5/19/2018 Percent of Average Precipitation (%) 5/1/2018 - 5/19/2018 25 50 75 100 125 150 200 400 800 10 5 -10-6 -28 -8-4

https://wrcc.dri.edu/anom/

Bozeman, MT Precipitation

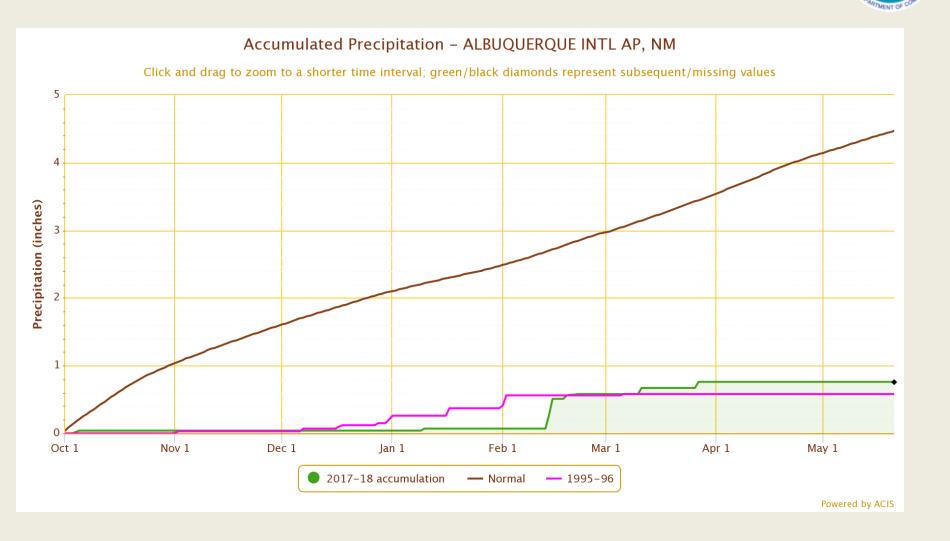




• 2nd wettest water year-to-date (1892-present)



Albuquerque, NM Precipitation



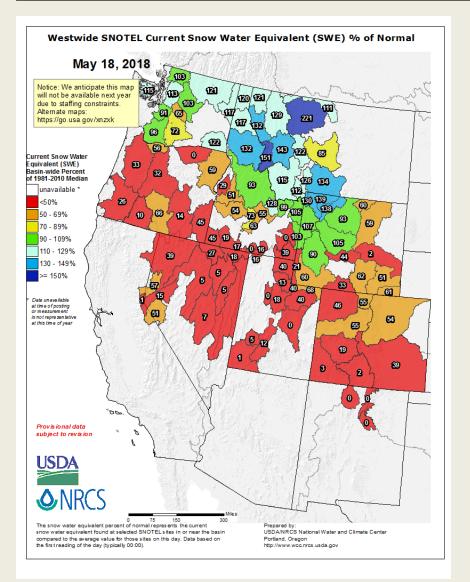
3rd driest water year-to-date (1890-present)

•

http://scacis.rcc-acis.org/

Snowpack







Current Regional Snowpack from Automated Snow Sensors

% of April 1 Average / % of Normal for This Date



NORTH Data as of May 21, 2018		
Average anow water equivalent (Inches)	1.4	
Percent of April 1 Average (%)	5	
Percent of normal for this date (%)	13	

CENTRAL		
Data as of May 21, 2018		
Number of Stations Reporting	42	
Average anow water equivalent (Inches)	2.6	
Percent of April 1 Average (%)	9	
Percent of normal for this date (%)	18	

SOUTH		
Data as of May 21, 2018		
Number of Stations Reporting	27	
Average anow water equivalent (inches)	1.6	
Percent of April 1 Average (%)	6	
Percent of normal for this date (%)	.11	

STATE Data as of May 21, 2018		
Average snow water equivalent (Inches)	1.9	
Percent of April 1 Average (%)	7	
Percent of normal for this date (%)	15	

Statewide Average: 7% / 15%

15% of normal statewide

Data as of May 21, 2018

Updated 05/21/2018 11:45 AM

https://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/snow/

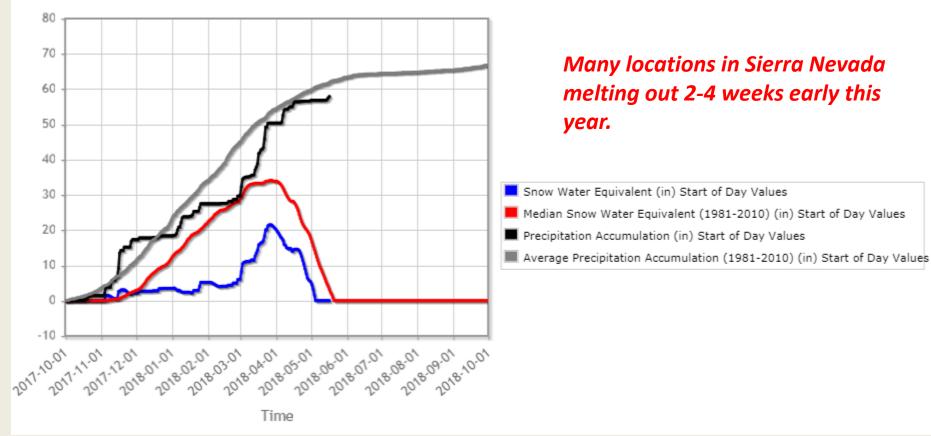
https://cdec.water.ca.gov/

Snowpack



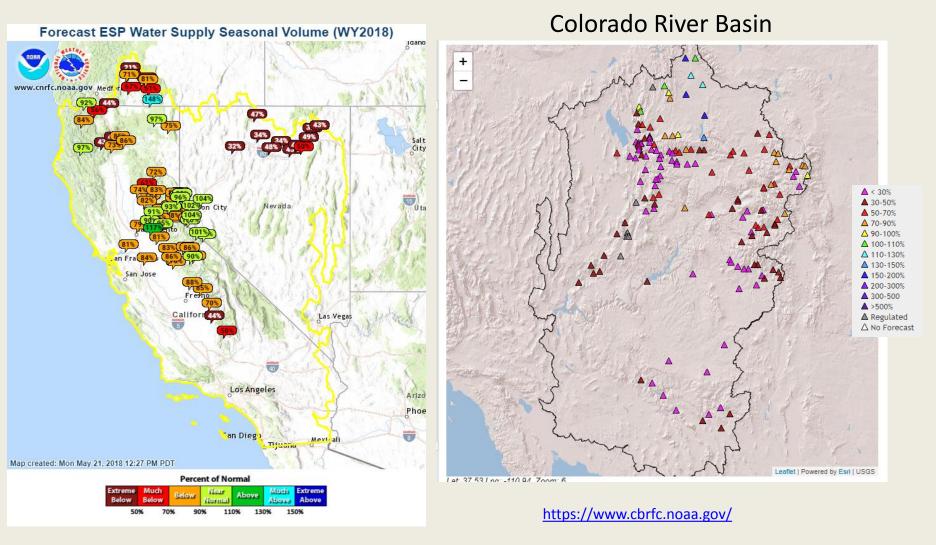
- Melt out date 2018: May 5
- Normal melt out date: May 21

Css Lab (428) California SNOTEL Site - 6894 ftReporting Frequency: Daily; Date Range: 2017-10-01 to 2018-09-30



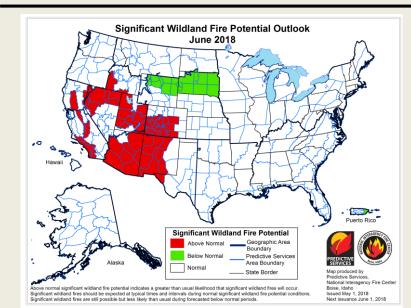
April-July Streamflow Forecasts, May 21

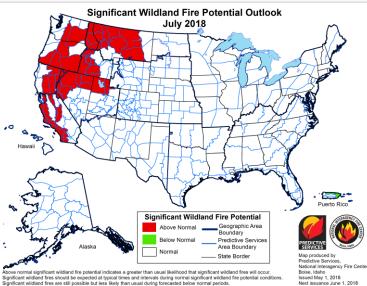




Significant Wildland Fire Potential Outlook







Significant Wildland Fire Potential Outlook August 2018 .0 13 BD Hawaii · 🔁 - * Puerto Rico Significant Wildland Fire Potential Geographic Area Above Normal Boundary Predictive Services Area Boundary Alaska Norma State Border Map produced by Predictive Services National Interagency Fire Center Above normal significant wildland fire potential indicates a greater than usual likelihood that significant wildland fires will occur. Boise, Idaho Significant wildland fires should be expected at typical times and intervals during normal significant wildland fire potential conditions. Significant wildland fires are still possible but less likely than usual during forecasted below normal periods. Issued May 1, 2018 Next issuance June 1, 2018

https://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm



- ENSO Alert System Status: Final La Niña Advisory
- ENSO-neutral conditions are present. *
- Equatorial sea surface temperatures (SSTs) are near-to-below average across the eastern Pacific Ocean.
- ENSO-neutral is favored through September-November 2018, with the possibility of El Niño nearing 50% by Northern Hemisphere winter 2018-19.

Credit: CPC

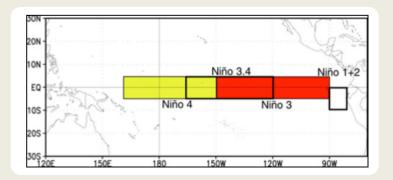
* Note: These statements are updated once a month (2nd Thursday) in association with the ENSO Diagnostics Discussion, which can be found here: http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/analysis monitoring/enso advisory/.

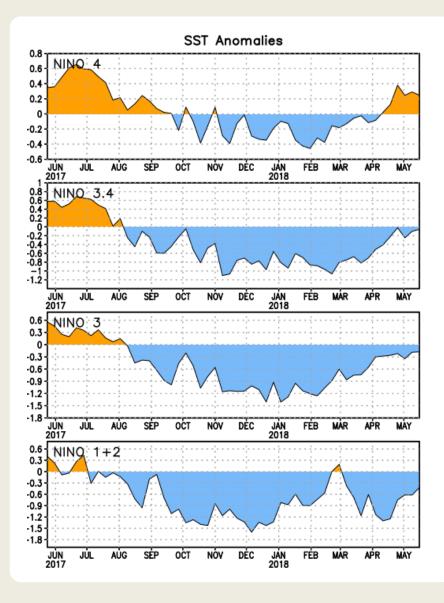
Niño Region SST Departures (°C) Recent Evolution



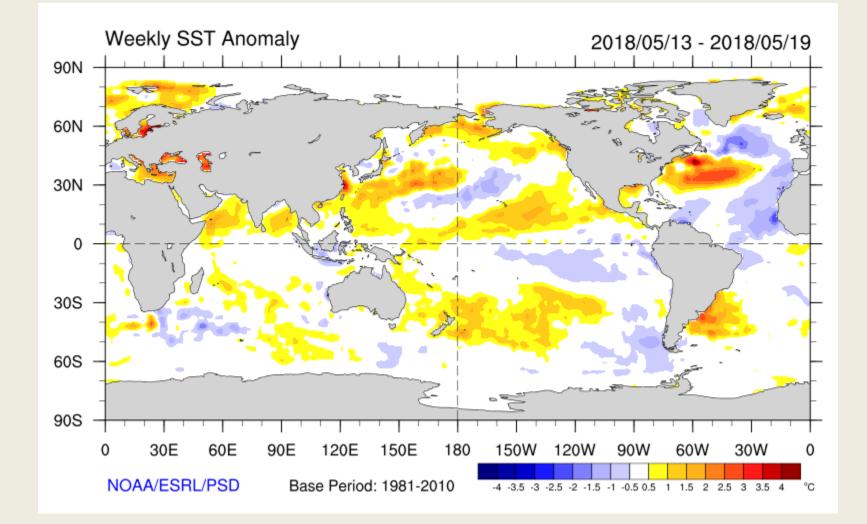
The latest weekly SST departures are:

Niño 4	0.2ºC
Niño 3.4	-0.1ºC
Niño 3	-0.2ºC
Niño 1+2	-0.4ºC



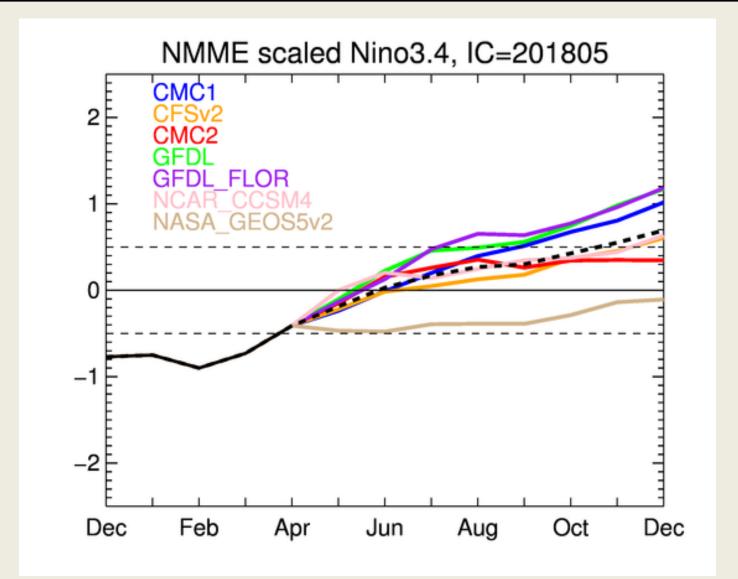


Current Sea Surface Temperatures



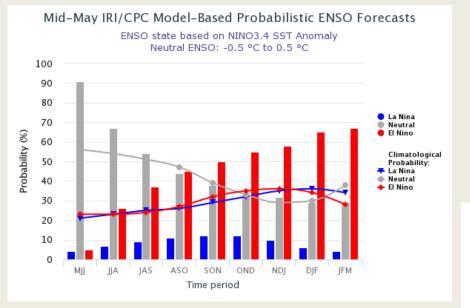
ENSO Forecasts





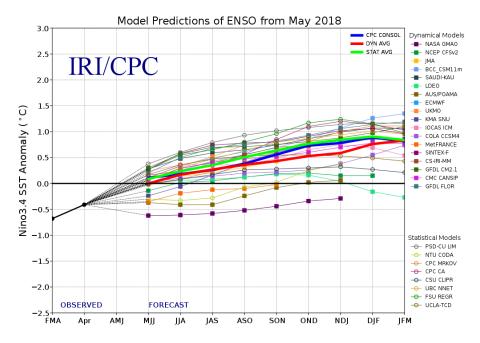
ENSO Forecasts





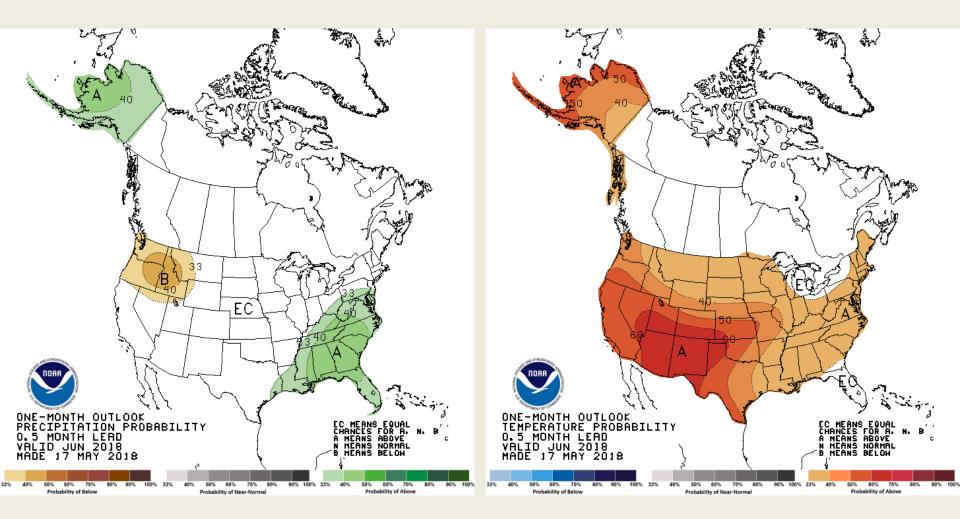
CPC/IRI El Nino forecast:

NMME models + other dynamical models + statistical models



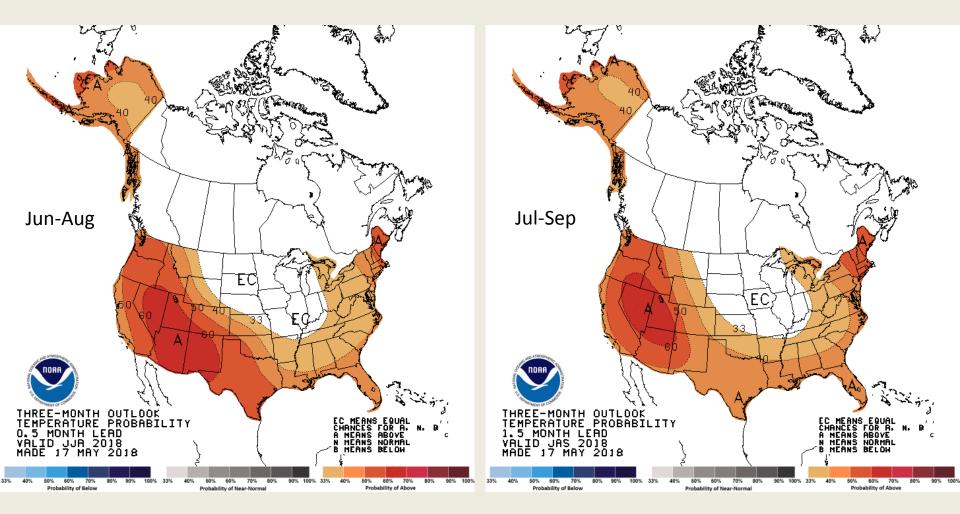
June U.S. Forecasts





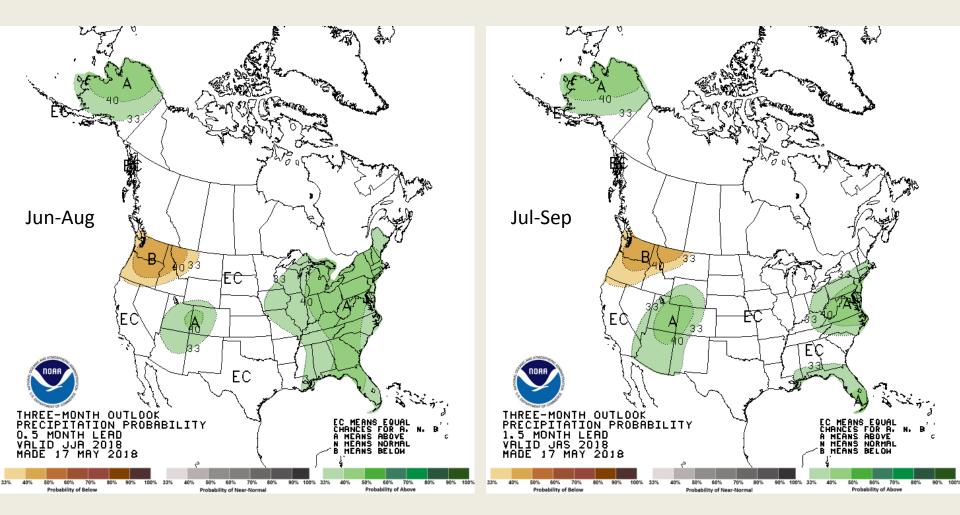
U.S. Seasonal Temperature Forecasts





U.S. Seasonal Precipitation Forecasts



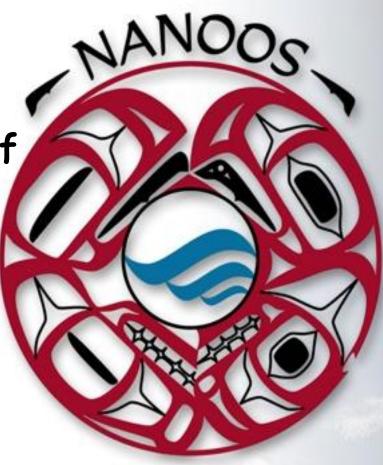


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Northwest Association of Networked Ocean Observing Systems



NOAA West Watch Update 22 May 2018: Washington / Oregon Observations

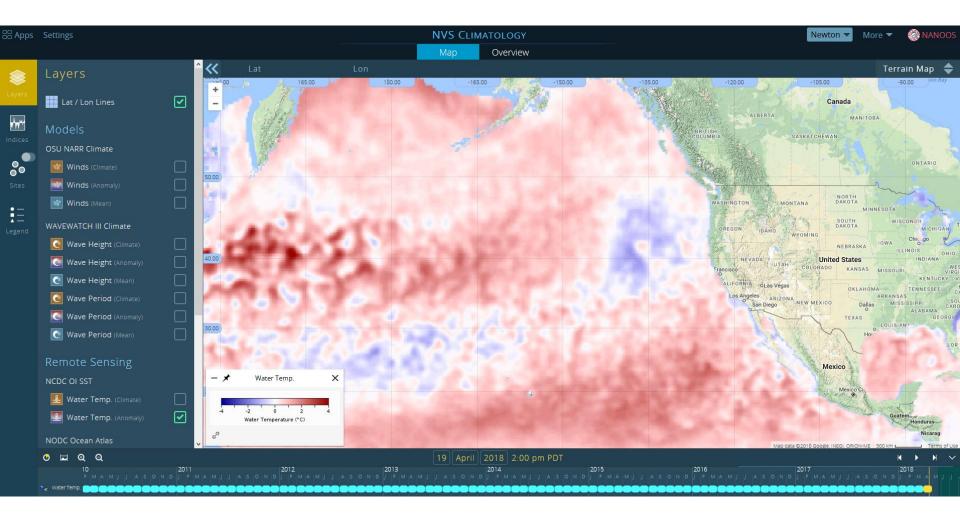
Jan Newton, NANOOS Executive Director

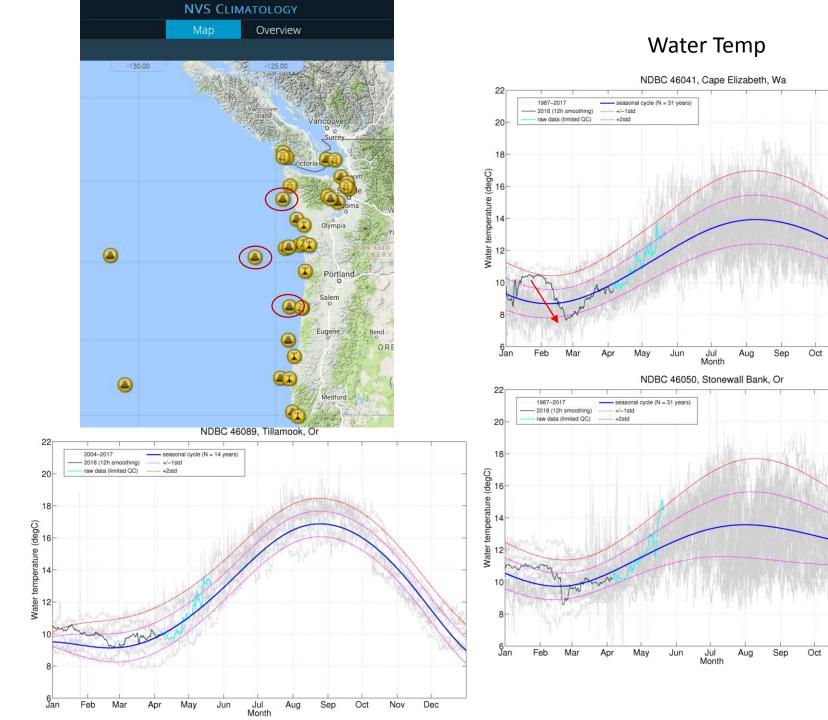


www.nanoos.org

NANOOS: <u>www.nanoos.org</u> Climatology app

Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly





Nov

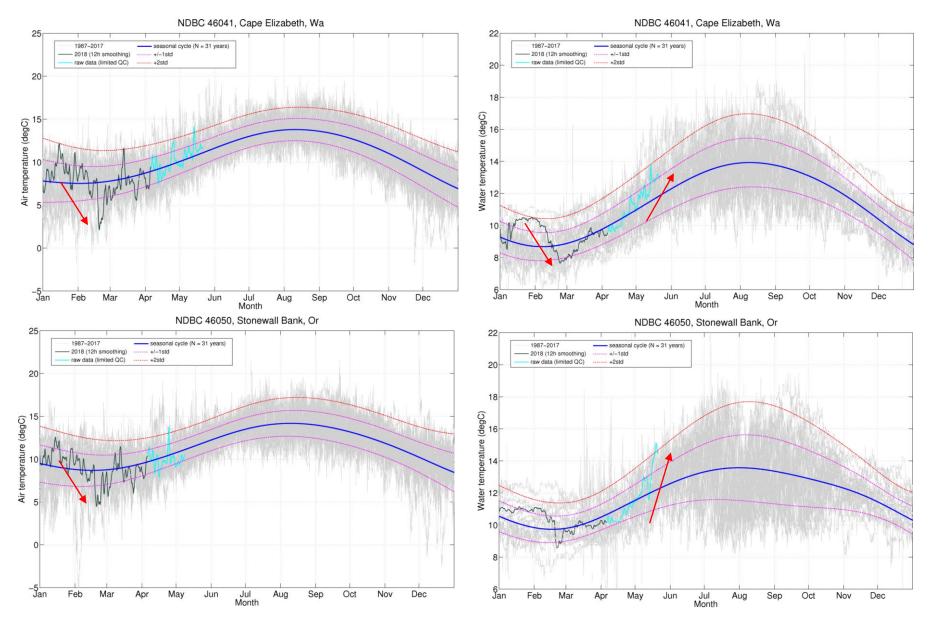
Nov

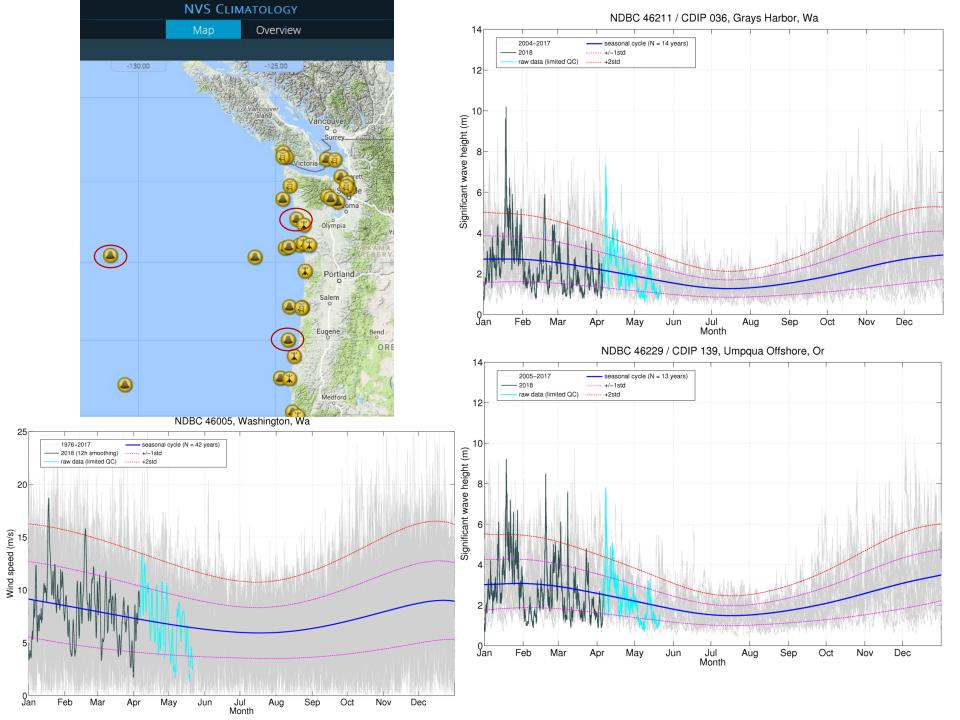
Dec

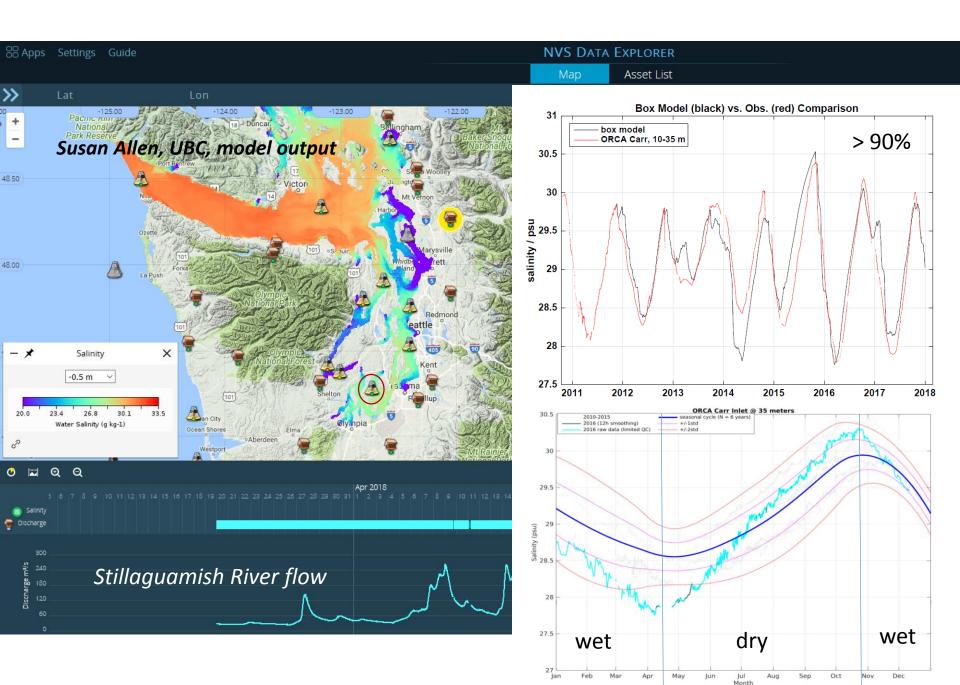
Dec

Air Temp

Water Temp



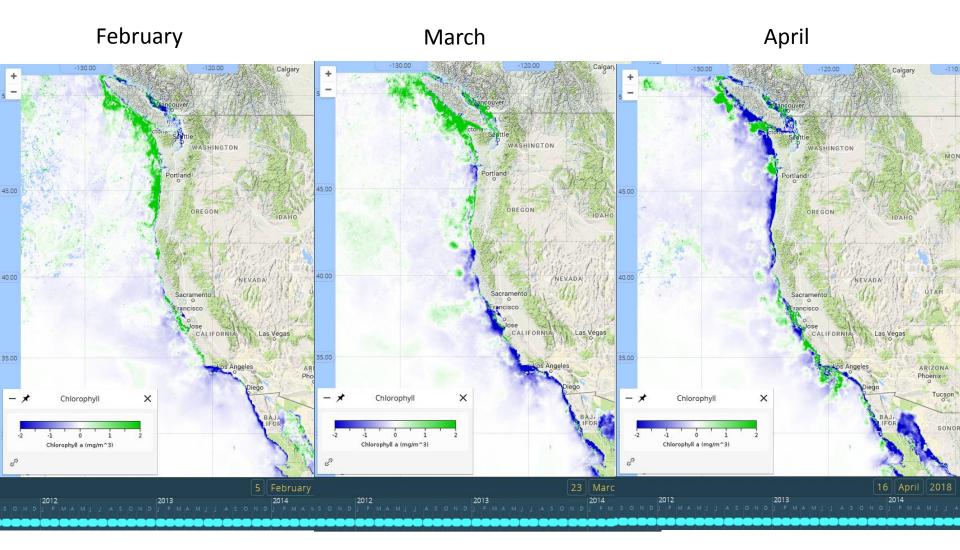




Strong atmospheric forcings:

- Air temperature on surface water temperature
- Winds on wave height
- River flow on salinity

Chlorophyll Anomaly







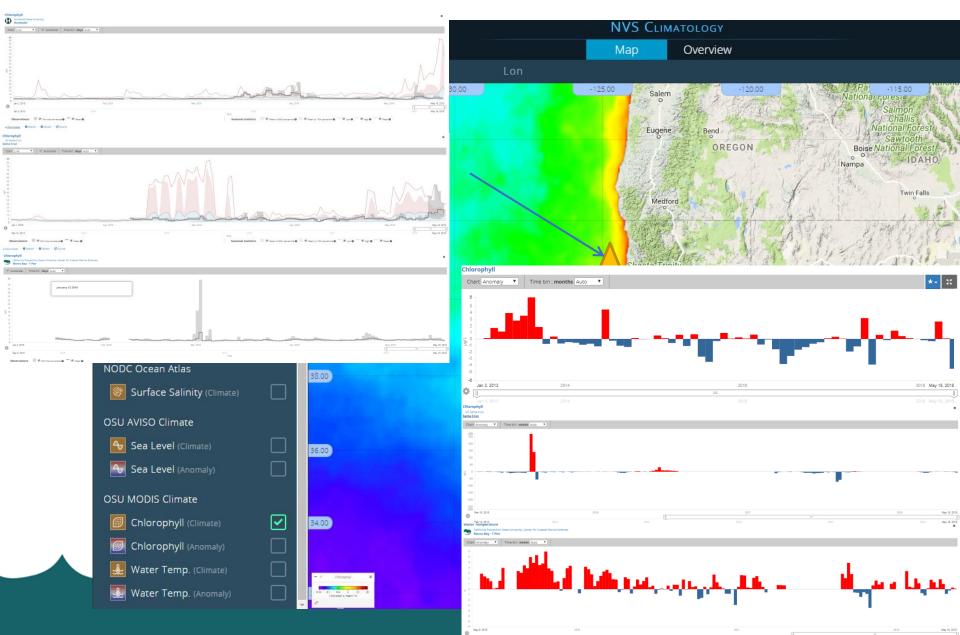
NOAA West Watch Update: Central & Northern California Update

Presented by: Alex Harper, CeNCOOS Program Manager

Climatology



Chlorophyll in Northern CA??



Atmospheric Marine Layer Returns

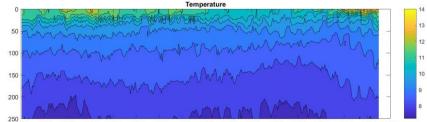
SFGATE LOCAL NEWS SPORTS REALESTATE BUSINESS A&E FOOD LIVING TR

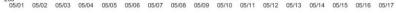
'May gray' is here to stay, say San Francisco Bay Area forecasters

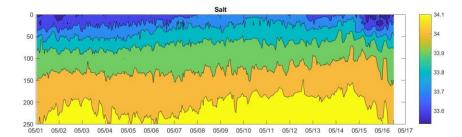
By Amy Graff, SFGATE Updated 9:57 am, Monday, May 14, 2018



Monterey Bay Mooring (M1)



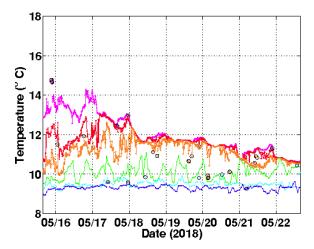




Monterey Bay Mooring M1

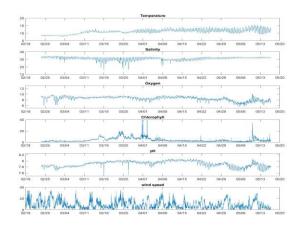
Temperature from the Surface to 80m

Surface, 10m, 20m, 40m, 60m, 80m



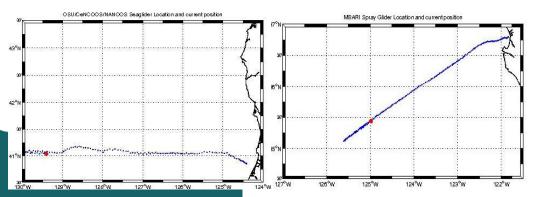
Humboldt Shore Station (Chevron Dock)





CeNCOOS Glider Deployments

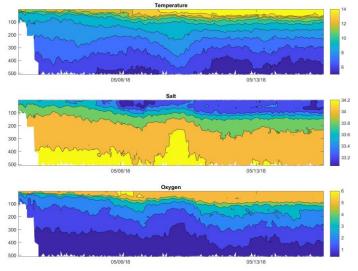
- Spray glider continuously along CalCOFI Line 67 and Sea Glider along Trinidad Head line
- Glider applications include: Climate/models, HABs, Biogeochemical cycles, Ocean acidification/hypoxia, Internal tides/sediment resuspension
- Glider deployment strategies: Continuous (lines – how long, grids – scale)Process experiments, Rapid response



Trinidad Head Glider Redeployment

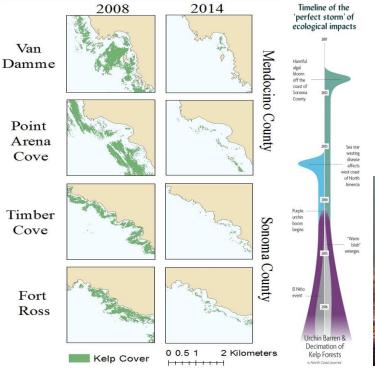


Monterey Bay Glider Line (67)



Biology & Ecology Update

Kelp, urchins, and whales





How music led Daniel DeLeon to study the ocean with machine learning

Daniel didn't know what engineering was when he started community college. Now he's making breakthroughs, using machine learning to track endangered whales.



MBARI using machine learning to classify marine mammal calls from deep sea observatory hydrophone.

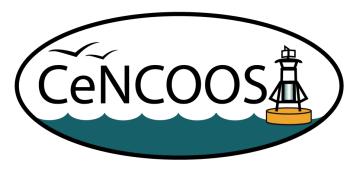
google.com/about/stories/soundwaves/





Questions?

Email Alex Harper at aharper@mbari.org



ACIDD: Across the Channel Investigating Diel Dynamics



Co-PIs Kelsey Bisson and Nick Huynh, UCSB



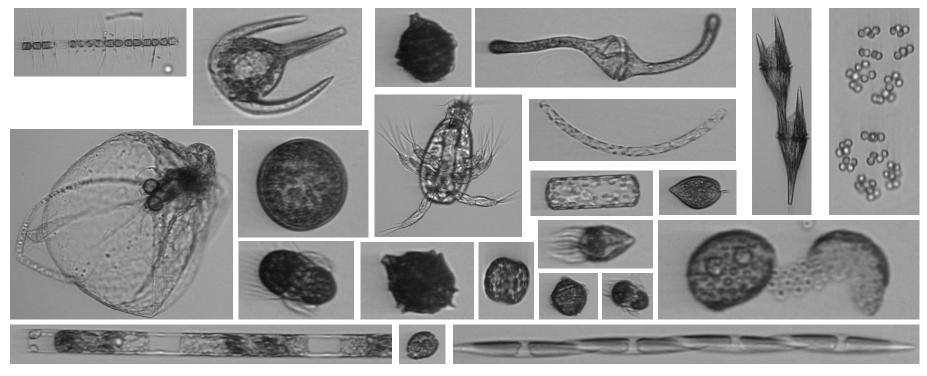


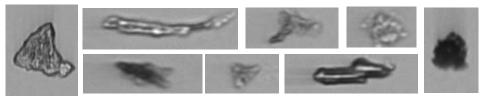
California wildlifes December 5th, 2017 - Mixed natural color-NIR/SWIR view, enhanced contrast and saturation IODIS data through NASA Worldview Processed by Pierre Markuse

Thomas Fire Smoke Plume, 5 Dec 2017



Imaging FlowCytobot: phytoplankton, ciliates, & ash



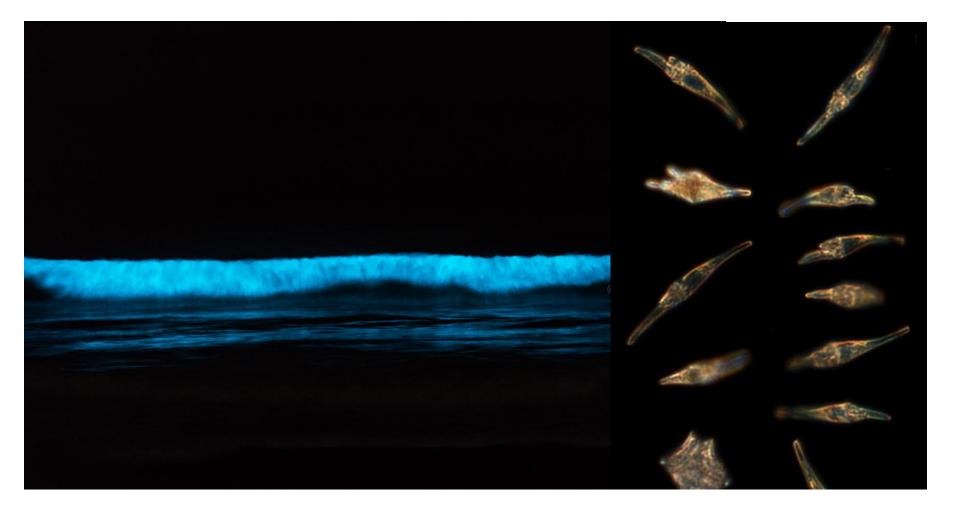


Imaging FlowCytobot (IFCB) was developed at Woods Hole Oceanographic Inst. by Heidi Sosik and Rob Olson. It images fluorescing particles (phytoplankton and ciliates) and/or scattering particles (phytos, ciliates, ash, plastics, and other marine detritus).

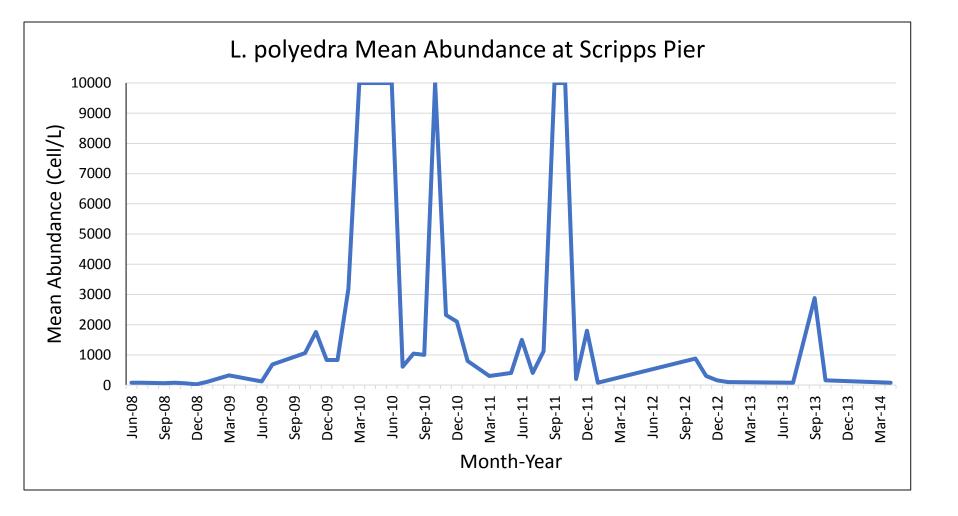


Kelsey Bisson & Sasha Kramer (IGPMS)

Red Tide – La Jolla, May 7th 2018



Lingulodinium polyedra



Sick Pelicans – Pepperdine University, April 28, 2018



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Regional Impacts Summary

Reporting Status:

• 73 entries since March 21, 2018

Environmental Conditions

- Drought
- Water Allocations
- Flooding
- Severe Weather
- Record High Temperatures
- High Ozone Levels
- Snowfall Records
- Vog
- Wildfire

Human & Environmental Impacts

- Property damage/Loss of property
- Impacts to recreational access
- Evacuations
- Increased human health risks
- Power outages
- Agriculture
- Loss of livestock
- Water Restrictions





Two EF-0 tornados touched down in Colusa County, California. One in the town of Williams left a 1-mile long damage track. Six homes were damaged along with reports of damage from flying debris. The tornados were part of a strong atmospheric river that swept through California causing flooding, road closures, airport delays and cancelations, and rockslides in Northern California.



Photo: CHERI ROSS



Photo: SEAN MATTSON



Unprecedented rainfall and landslides forced water rescues and strand entire towns on Kauai where water rose 5-8 feet due to severe thunderstorms and flash flooding. Wainiha broke their 24 hour rainfall total by almost 3 inches at 19.54 inches. Hanalei saw 28.15 inches in 24 hours. Two homes were torn from their foundations with many others flooded. Sarah Blane, chief of staff to Kauai's mayor said "It's the worst natural disaster to occur on Kauai in 25 years, since Hurricane Iniki."

An Extremes Committee is being convened to evaluate the observation of 49.69 inches of rain in 24 hours in Waipa, Kauai on April 14-15 as a new US 24-hour record. The standing record is 43 inches observed at Alvin, Texas in 1979 during Tropical Storm Claudette.





Drought conditions in the panhandle of Alaska are showing up on the US Drought Monitor due to a winter of below-average snowfall, a dry autumn, and early spring. This is unusual because the area is located in the world's largest temperate rainforest. Ketchikan was running 30-40 inches of rain below normal. This lack of precipitation can impact hydropower, water supplies and snowpack. In March, the City of Wrangell was forced to implement water restrictions because the city was down to about a one month's supply at one point in time.



https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Ketchikan_Alaska_Panoramic.jpg



Gov. Jay Inslee declare a state of emergency Saturday for 20 counties throughout Eastern Washington due to rain and severe snowmelt flooding. He said "Flooding caused by recent rains and snowmelt has fouled water and sewage treatment facilities, threatened state highways and local roads, and caused some people to leave their homes"

Authorities told residents in the town of Leavenworth to prepare for evacuations as a dam is threatened by rising waters. About 50 homes are threatened.





Record snowfall in parts of Northern Montana has begun to melt and is causing very high river levels along the Clark Fork River in Missoula, Montana. So far, the river has risen to major flood stage at its highest levels since 1908. The river has receded some but further rises are expected. Because of this, 800 people remain under evacuation notice. The river has since been closed to recreation due to downed power lines and other debris.



Water from the Clark Fork River floods onto Tower Street in Missoula, May 7, 2018 Josh Burnham, Montana Public Radio

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- Discussion (all)
 - Additional impacts to report?
 - Observations on recent environmental anomalies?

Next NOAA West Watch: July 24th, 1-2pm PDT/ 2-3pm PDT